Docket No. 11.037011

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Examiner: Hyun, Paul Sang Hwa

Inventor: Patrick Guiney Art Unit: 1743

App. No.: 10/712,280 Docket No. 11.037011 US

Filing Date: November 12, 2003 Confirmation No. 9311

Title: SPECIMEN FILTER CONTAINER

HAVING DATA STORAGE

SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF PATRICK GUINEY UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.131

Mail Stop After Final Commissioner for Patents

Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

Commissioner:

- I, Patrick Guiney, hereby declare as follows:
- 1. I am named as an inventor in the above-identified application.
- I was employed by Cytyc Corporation ("Cytyc") when the above-identified application was filed, and I am currently employed by Cytyc.
- Prior to August 26, 2003, while employed by Cytyc, I prepared laboratory notebook entries
 entitled "ROM Slide Prep for Multiple Test Types" (redacted copies of which are attached
 hereto as Exhibit A).
- Each page of the laboratory notebook (Exhibit A) bears my signature and a date prior to August 26, 2003.

Docket No. 11.037011

Prior to August 26, 2003, and following preparation of my laboratory notebook entries, I
prepared an invention disclosure entitled "ROM Slide Preparation" (a redacted copy of which
is attached hereto as Exhibit B), which I submitted to Cytyc's patent department.

- 6. My understanding is that the patent department assigned number 03-017 to my invention disclosure, and that prior to August 26, 2003, Mark Casey, Chief Patent Counsel of Cytyc, sent the invention disclosure together with a letter to Bingham McCutchen requesting that Bingham McCutchen file a patent application for my invention pending the outcome of a patentability search, as reflected in the letter identifying invention disclosure number 03-017 and corresponding patent application reference number 11.037011 (a redacted copy of the letter is attached hereto as Exhibit C).
- 7. I then received and reviewed the 11.037011 patent application, which was e-mailed to me by Gary Lueck, a patent attorney then employed by Bingham McCutchen. My understanding is that the patent application was thereafter filed on November 12, 2003, following my review and approval of the specification.
- 9. All statements made herein of my own knowledge and true and all statements made on information and belief to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: 10/16,2008

Exhibit A - B
ANNOTATED

Title: ROM Slide Prep for Multiple Test Types	
Idea: Encode lot specific parameters for liquid-based cytology titles into a 1,18, need-only-memory (ROM) chip	_
19 nead-only-memory (ROM) clips	5 5
To customize and optimize slike	٠.
preparation sequence for multiple	
would	
How ROM slide prep would werk?	
· fackaging for multiple tilters would 19	
Fackaging for multiple filters would 19 mylide a ROM lisp programmed 35 with lot-specific parameters. 35	
or printed with a buyode to indicate SI; lot number, reprospen date and test 54	57
type.	′
10	
with a barcode to modicate let number 54	
Sample vials would be lubeled or printed of with a bucode to midicate lot number, 54 test type and pessibly expression date	
	2
electronic interface to read the ROM	_
chip memory and electro-optical mititues 19	l
and sample vialo. 39	
· Refere processing the sample, the state 18,5	2
Before processing the sample, the stille 18,5. 3 processor would verify that type and your lot expression (future date) for	
the fitters and sample vials. 12.31	
54	
Resid and understood by me As P. Wal 5 Date	

To the test type of the filter matches the sample vial and the lot codes have not expired the sample processing and slide preparation per the parameters and sequence encoded into the ROM would be encrypted to the encrypted to the sample and street with a cyclit redundancy cale (see as a cyclit redundancy cale (see) as a means to verity data integrity. The feath little uflotion, deta test type & expired a expired the sample vial of the first fram one side. The feath ray cuch that with lot code, feminals mate proposed to test type and slide preserve religious. The possibly expirate possibly should be nuclearing they a present mis-meeten.
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Read and understood by me Jeo E 13da 2 Date

Exhibit B

Cytyc Invention Disclosure

DISCLOSURE #:		UNLE PART DE SANTE PROPERTY AND AREA	DATE
Date Received:	- 1	ROM Slide Preparation	
Author:	3	Trom Gide Freparation	

INVENTORS

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Signature and Date

Name:

Division: Home Address:

Business Phone:

E-mail:

Signature and Date

Name:

Division:

Home Address: Business Phone:

E-mail:

Signature and Date

WITNESS (Resd & Understood)

Nome Phone:

Signature & Date

ABSTRACT & FIGURES

(General description of the idea as it relates to the present state of the art.)

Encode lot-specific parameters for liquid-based cytology filters into a read-onlymemory (ROM) chip to optimize slide preparation on a lot-by-lot basis and to adapt processing sequence or parameters for multiple test types. The idea includes the following elements:

- Packaging for multiple filters would include a ROM chip programmed with valid test types, associated process sequence parameters, lot specific parameters and lot expiration dates.
- Individual filters would be labeled or printed with a machine-readable code
- 52. (e.g. barcode) to indicate lot number and test type.
- Sample vials would be labeled or printed with a machine-readable code (e.g. barcode) to indicate lot number, test type and sample expiration date.
- The slide processor would have an electronic interface to read the ROM 18 memory chip contents and electro-optical interfaces to read the codes on
- 52 filters and sample vials 30
- Before processing the sample, the slide processor would verify test type 53 compatibility and valid expiration dates for the filter and sample. 12, 31
- If the test type of the filter matches the sample vial and the filter lot code 54 12.31 and sample have not expired, the slide processor will proceed with the sample processing and slide preparation per the parameters encoded into the ROM.
 - Data within the ROM would be encrypted for security and stored with a cyclic-redundancy-code (CRC) as a means to verify data integrity.

The idea provides the following benefits:

- Reduce risk for operator error:
 - Automatically reject expired lots of materials and expired samples
 - o Automatically verify matching filter and sample types for many
 - different types of samples and filters improved slide processing capability and consistency by counteracting lotto-lot variation of filters 21
- Adaptation of the process sequence and parameters to process slides for different samples and test types (e.g. GYN, non-GYN, ductal lavage, etc.)
- Provides capability to add new processing sequences to existing slide processors without need to upgrade processor software or hardware

Keywords: ROM, Slide Preparation, Cytology

	TOTAL STATE	GENERAL IN	FORMATION	talperola -	A Section 1
ocumentation of Idea:					
	321	6-	7 -		
_ab Notebook No.		Page No.	Other:		
las the idea been disc	ussed with anvo	ne outside of Cytyc. if so	to whom how, and whe	n. Please contact Mark Case	v at x330
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BACKGROUND

Describe the present state of the art related to your idea including any existing devices, therapies, applications, manufacturing processes, or any known patents, articles, etc.

At this time, there are three liquid-based, thin layer slide processor systems; ThinPrep 2000 by Cytyc, ThinPrep 3000 by Cytyc and the PrepStain by TriPath.

On the ThinPrep 2000 keypad, operators may select and initiate one of four slide-processing sequences; one sequence for gynecologic (GYN) or three sequences for non-gynecologic (non-GYN) samples. The non-GYN filters are blue to help operators visually differentiate the clear plastic filters required for GYN sample types. The ThinPrep 2000 processor does not automatically discriminate filter types or sample types. Both types of filters and sample vials have the same physical form factor and may be incorrectly processed via operator error. The slide processor does not read lot numbers or expiration dates so the ThinPrep 2000 processor will not reject expired lots of filters or sample vials. The process sequence and parameters embedded in the ThinPrep 2000 slide processor will not automatically adapt to different lots of filters or different sample types.

The ThinPrep 3000 processor is limited to one slide processing sequence for batches of GYN samples. Multiple sample types are not supported although the processor does have a color sensor to detect and reject the blue filters intended for processing non-GYN samples. The ThinPrep 3000 slide processor does not read lot numbers or expiration dates and will not reject out of date filters or samples. Likewise, the ThinPrep 3000 will not automatically optimize or adapt slide processing for different lots of filters or different types of samples.

The Tripath PrepStain system processes GYN samples exclusively and does not read lot numbers or expiration dates.

The PrepStain processor will not reject out of date materials or samples and will not automatically adapt to different lots of filters or different types of samples.

In summary, the present state of the art is that slide processors do not automatically differentiate or adapt to materials consumed during slide preparation. The ThinPrep 2000 has limited capability to process four types of samples (1 GYN and 3 non-GYN) but there is significant risk of operator error. The ThinPrep 3000 and Tri-path PrepStain process slides for GYN samples exclusively. There is additional risk for operator error with all the slide processors in that operators must visually verify that tots of materials or samples have not expired.

PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In detail, please describe the specific features of your idea including, design, applications, operation, process, materials, coatings, and method of use and manufacture. Please attach any relevant figures, sketches, diagrams, CAD drawings, notebook pages, and any other supporting material that supplements your idea/invention. Please include an index of figures if necessary.

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Lot specific information to be stored in ROM will include:

Data or Parameter	Number of Bytes	Comments	
Filter Lot Code	12	Up to 24 digits of lot code including means to verify expiration	
Compatible Test or Sample Types	10	Any combination of up to 80 filter or sample types (1 bit each) including GYN, Superficial, Fluids & FNA, Mucoid, etc.	12,30, 21,30,
Number of Slide Process Steps	1/2	Specify up to 32 process steps to process slide for test type	33
Process Step Variable Parameter Data	480	Allow up to 15 bytes to specify variable parameter data (e.g. time, pressure, level, distance, temperature	34
*		compensation, voltage, current, etc.) for each of up to 32 process steps	
ROM Registration Number	8	Unique 64 bit registration number to assure trace-ability of individual ROMs	35, s
Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)	2	To verify data integrity	
Encryption Key	16	Encrypt ROM data for security and to prevent tampering	-
Total Requirement (bytes)	529		

ROM Memory Chip Component: .

From the data requirements shown above, 16 kbit (2k byte) EPROM chips would provide adequate memory with excess capacity to include data for up to four different types of filters. The idea requires a physically small package and serial data interface to achieve both cost and space efficiency. The DS1985 iButton is a low cost memory device manufactured by Dallas Semiconductor that provides 16 kbit EPROM memory in a small, durable (stainless steel) package with interface to data, power and programming signals via a single (1 wire) connection. Each DS1985 EPROM provides a unique ROM Registration number (64 bits) for absolute trace-ability and options for permanent write-protection to prevent corruption of data.

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Filter Packaging for ROM Memory Chip:

One side of a filter tray would house a ROM chip in a recessed cavity with two electrodes (one reference and one signal). The electrodes in the recessed cavity would mate with two corresponding interface electrodes in the slide processor.

For batch processors that accept one or more filter trays, the male (processor) to female (filter tray) interface would mechanically ilmit proper tray insertion to only one of the four possible orientations. Slide processor latches for securing the filter tray would not close fully unless the ROM is properly interfaced to prevent operators from prematurely initiating slide processing. The male and female sides of the mechanical interface would be appropriately tapered to lead in and self-align the interface electrodes during insertion.

An additional filter packaging requirement for batch processors would be pre-determined tray locations for different types of filters. Pre-defined filter locations will allow the slide processor to locate and retrieve different types of filters as necessary to process different types of samples.

Slide processors that require manual loading of materials for each slide would include a wand interface for reading the ROM. The wand would provide the male side of the mechanical Interface. A short cable (approximately 3 feet) would link the wand to the slide processor. Operators would briefly insert the wand into the filter tray once before using the first filter from a new filter tray. In response, the slide processor would audibly beep to indicate valid data acquisition of the ROM memory contents.

S, 22

ROM Chip
embedded in
recessed eavity of
filter tray –
Tapered for selfalignment during
insertion



Slide Processor Functionality with ROM: 5, 22

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Upon insertion of a filter tray with a ROM chip, the slide processor would execute the following steps: 29

- 1) Establish serial data communication with ROM chip 3 6
- 2) Read contents of ROM chip into slide processor 18,52
- 3) Verify CRC for data integrity,
- 4) Decode encrypted data with key
- 5) Save lot specific information including lot codes, valid test or sample types, number of process steps, variable parameter data, ROM registration number and CRC for subsequent sample and slide processing

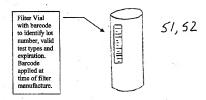
53

29

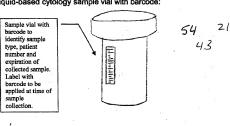
After reading, verifying and decoding the ROM data from one or more filter trays, the slide processor would process subsequent samples in the following manner

- 1) Read sample lot code, verify expiration, record patient number
- 2) Locate appropriate filter for sample type from pre-determined location in tray 3, 20
- 3) Read filter lot code, verify matching filter & sample test types, verify expiration
- 4) Determine appropriate process steps and baseline algorithm for test or sample type
- 5) Set up parameter table with ROM derived values of process variables for each step
- 6) Verify that ROM process variables are within established algorithm limits for each variable
- Execute slide processing steps with parameters specified in ROM
- 8) Repeat from step #1 for additional samples

Illustration of liquid-based cytology filter with barcode:



그 시 Illustration of liquid-based cytology sample vial with barcode:



ALTERNATE EMBODIMENTS

Please describe any alternate embodiments of your idea/invention addressing the following points: Designs, applications, materials, coalings, uses, accessories, construction processes, costs, etc. <u>Put yourself in the competitor's shoes and try to</u> identify any alternate ways you could achieve the same results as the exemplary embodiment described above.

ALTERNATE DESIGNS

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- Multiple options for mechanical interface between ROM and slide processor.
- Instead of pre-determined locations for different filters in tray.
 - The ROM chip could include a map of the different filter locations in the tray, or



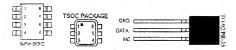
- The slide processor could have means to search for and find the correct filter for a different
- There could be different tray slots for different filter types, each with a ROM interface
- Barcodes on filters and sample vials could be 2 dimensional or 1 dimensional

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type of test

ALTERNATE COMPONENTS

 Multiple options for ROM chips including other 2 terminal devices or other memory chips in conventional IC packages, including:



Multiple options for custom packaging of alternate ROM chip components

ALTERNATE MATERIALS / COATINGS

Filter barcodes could be a label or printed directly on to vial

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Sample vial barcodes should be applied by label at time of sample collection

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ALTERNATE APPLICATIONS

OTHER

Attach any supplementary information, including laboratory data, notes, literature, additional figures, etc. that may be relevant to your idea